

Using Technology to Prepare and Mentor Beginning Special Education Teachers

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Context for this Presentation

National Center to Inform Policy and Practice in
Special Education Professional Development
(NCIPP)

- Writing Teams on the following topics:
 - Induction
 - Collaboration
 - Teacher Education/Partnerships
 - Policy

<http://education.ufl.edu/grants/ncipp>

Induction Paper - Writing Team

- **Bonnie Billingsley** - Virginia Tech
- **Cynthia Griffin** - University of Florida
- **Sean J. Smith** - University of Kansas
- **Maya Israel** - University of Kansas and soon the University of Cincinnati
- White Paper will soon be available at:
<http://education.ufl.edu/grants/ncipp>
- Article on the e-mentoring work will be available in an upcoming issue of:
Journal of Special Education Leadership

What we Know...Just the Facts

- Literature Review
 - Technology
 - Mentor/Mentee Relationship
 - Training
 - Hybrid Approach

Process

- Web search for existing programs
 - Literature review
 - Conference proceedings

- Semi-structured question protocol inquiring about
 - Online platform and components
 - Mentor/Mentee match
 - Facilitator role(s)
 - Professional development
 - Online content
 - Financial sustainability

10 Programs Identified

- INTC-Online
- eMSS
- WINGS
- Project TIN
- ENDAPT
- UWEB
- VIP—Emporia
- TLINC Denver
- BRIDGE
- Project PACT

Three Common Issues

- Technical considerations
- Mentor/Mentee considerations
- Financial sustainability considerations

Technical considerations

- Software operating systems
- Synchronous vs. asynchronous communication
- Online resources/curricula
- Role of a facilitator

Technical Considerations

Software Operating Systems

- Course Management Systems
 - BlackBoard/WebCT
 - Internally created
- Communities of Practice
 - Tapped In

Technical Considerations

Synchronous vs. asynchronous communication

- Synchronous
 - Text based: Chat rooms
 - VoIP: Skype
 - Video conferencing
- Asynchronous
 - Discussion boards
 - Email

Technical Considerations

Online resources/curricula

- Collaborative resources
 - Archived discussion sessions
- Curriculum modules
 - Mentor and mentee information
- Web links
 - Mentor and mentee information

Mentor/Mentee Considerations

- Mentor/Mentee match

- One-to-one vs. group
- Criteria for matching mentors and mentees

Mentor/Mentee Considerations

- Mentor professional development

- Single time vs. ongoing
- Face-to-face vs. online
- Prescribed curricula vs. “as needed”

Facilitator Considerations

- Professional development
- Role within the website
 - Technical support
 - Program support

Financial Sustainability

- What to do when initial funding ends?
 - Alternate funding sources
 - Foundations, State Dept. of Education, school districts, IHEs, fee for services
 - Program reduction

Lessons Learned

- Most programs used asynchronous discussion forums.
 - BUT, programs are beginning to explore additional communication sources such as VoIP and video conferencing.
- Different models of are effective IF the structure is in place to provide immediate feedback and support to the novice teachers.

Lessons Learned (cont.)

- Role of facilitators is crucial for the success of e-mentoring programs
- Mentoring in an online environment is different than mentoring in a face-to-face environment.
 - It is important to provide the e-mentors with the structures for supporting novice teachers online.

Lessons Learned (cont.)

- Financial support must constantly be addressed to promote program sustainability.



Mentoring to Support and Retain Science & Math Teachers

Alyson Mike, eMSS Associate Director

**Council of Exceptional Children
April 3, 2009**

New Teacher Center

at the University of California, Santa Cruz



To improve student learning by supporting the development of
an inspired, dedicated, and highly-qualified teaching force.

e-Mentoring for Student Success History

- 2002 received a 5 year grant from the National Science Foundation to support new 6-12 grade science and math teachers.
- Three Partners
 - National Science Teachers Association (professional organization for science teachers)
 - New Teacher Center @ UC Santa Cruz
 - Montana State University (distance learning experts)
- 2008-09 Clients including states, districts, universities and non- profits pay a subsidized fee for each mentee.
- 2009-10 Clients pay a fee for each mentee



The Results

Independent research has shown that eMSS has had a significant impact on:

- Preparedness to teach challenging courses and curricula.
- Ability to teach content.
- Preparedness in basic teaching and classroom management skills.
- Teacher satisfaction.

eMSS – A Significant Impact on the Nation's Education Community

Since 2002, eMSS has:

- Worked in all 50 states.
- Trained more than 500 online content focused mentors.
- Mentored more than 1,500 new teachers.
- Influenced the education of more than a quarter of a million students.

Instructional Mentoring

A Component of Induction

In online mentoring, the focus is on advancing the beginning teacher's classroom practice through dialogue around

- Pedagogical content knowledge
- Disciplinary content knowledge
- Content standards
- Assessment
- The beginning teacher's developmental needs and instructional context.

eMSS Program Chart

Through eMSS, new teachers receive:



Professional
Development and
Networking



Content Focused
Mentoring
Curriculum



Program
Management



Online Learning
Environment

The eMSS program team manages all of this for you!

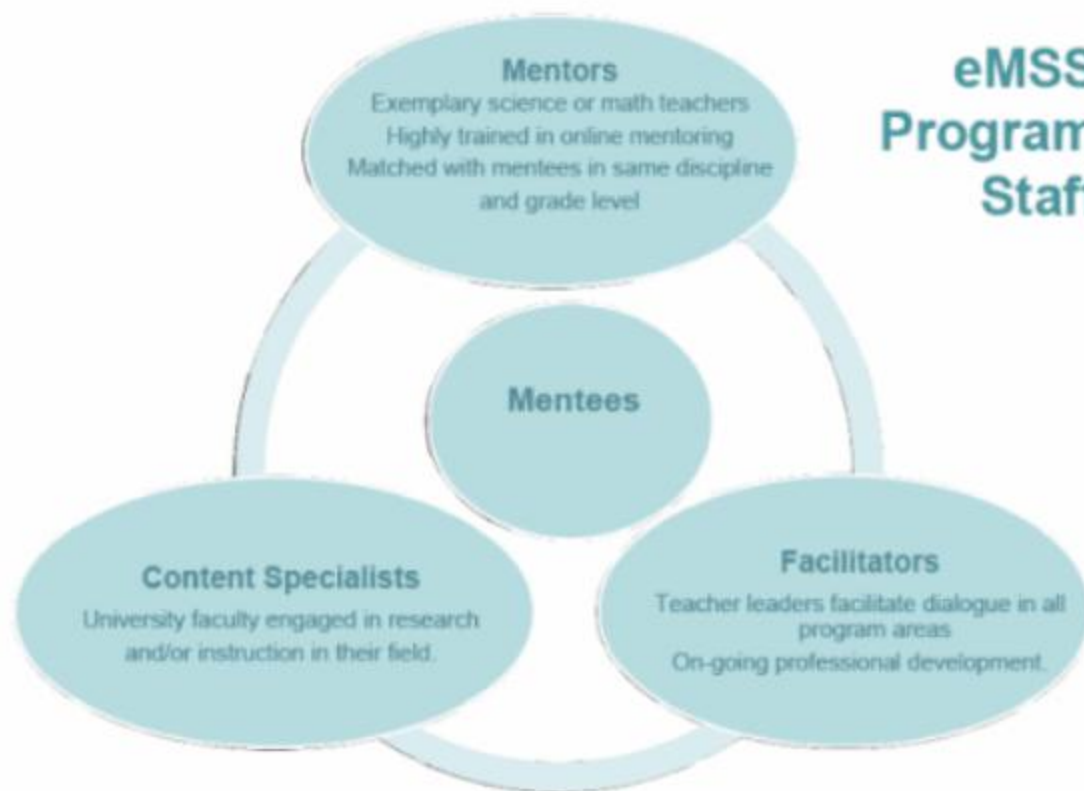
eMSS New Teachers (Mentees)

Mentees

- Are 1st, 2nd, or 3rd year secondary science or math teachers recruited by clients.
- Hold **any** type of certification - including interns
- Are matched with an experienced science or math teacher as a personal mentor.



eMSS Program Staff



eMSS Design



Organizations enroll their beginning teachers in eMSS

- State Departments of Education
- School Districts
- Universities
- Non- Profits

eMSS Design



Our Place

A private area designed for mentees to work with their mentors. Mentees discuss their teaching practice and receive 1-on-1 mentoring from an experienced teacher in the same grade and subject.

eMSS Design



Mentee Place and Mentor Place

Discussion forums for larger groups of mentees and mentors.

- *Mentee Place* allows mentees to share ideas and connect with other beginning teachers across the country.
- *Mentor Place* offers ongoing professional development and support for mentors.

eMSS Design



Inquiries

Self-selected small groups examine pedagogical and/or content practices that are applied directly to the classroom.

A foundational part of eMSS, this is a structured and facilitated curriculum, which guides participants through a plan, prepare, and reflect cycle.

eMSS Design



Community Forums and Resources

A community of middle and high school teachers participates in discussion forums facilitated by teacher leaders and practicing scientists and mathematicians.

Content-focused discussions, dilemmas of practice, and access to resources are the heart of this area.

Key Learnings

- Mentoring is a key factor in developing professional high quality educators.
- Beginning teachers need a support system to utilize resources and adapt them to their context.
- Program must be engaging, while addressing the time constraints of the beginning teacher.
- Mentoring mirrors high quality teaching.
- Personal relationship are critical.



Next Steps for eMSS

- Actively seeking funding to pilot and develop eMSS-Special Education.
- Organize mentoring support based on broad categories of disabilities.
- Focus support in urban, rural, and hard to staff positions.
- Develop an online curriculum addressing the unique needs of special education teachers.



For More Information:

<http://newteachercenter.org/eMSS/menu.php?p=home>

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